

WORK SESSION

AGENDA

City Commission of the City of Warrenton Tuesday, June 13, 2023 – 5:00 P.M.

Warrenton City Commission Chambers 225 South Main Avenue Warrenton, OR 97146

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Roll Call
- 3. Presentation Portland State Students
- 4. Adjourn

Warrenton City Hall is accessible to the disabled. An interpreter for the hearing impaired may be requested under the terms of ORS 192.630 by contacting Dawne Shaw, City Recorder, at 503-861-0823 at least 48 hours in advance of the meeting so appropriate assistance can be provided.



PRIORITIZING LAND FOR Housing in Warrenton

JUNE 13, 2023











O1 Project Overview

O2 Background & Exisiting Conditions

O3 Public Engagement

O4 Housing Planning

05 Our Process & Analysis

Recommendations

Next Steps

PROJECT TEAM



Anis Boughanmi MURP



Jovan Merceron MURP, MPH



James Dingwall MURP



Miranda Seekins MURP



Maddy Knickerbocker MURP



Amanda Ufheil-Somers MURP

PROJECT Overview



PORTLAND STATE WORKSHOP

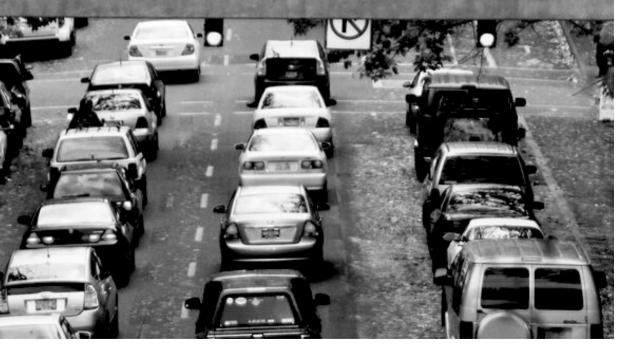
The PSU workshop is the final capstone project for the Master of Urban and Regional Planning Program partnering with a client to conduct a planning project.

It traditionally involves working closely with community stakeholders and local government officials to identify key issues, gather data, analyze existing conditions, and develop planning strategies, resulting in a detailed planning report that includes final recommendations.





LET KNOWLEDGE SERVE THE CITY



PROJECT OVERVIEW

MOTIVATION

Despite Warrenton's fast growth, the city's environmental constraints are not reflected in official buildable lands and housing capacity forecasts.

GOALS

- Analyze parcels with a focus on constraints and other city priorities.
- Identify areas within Warrenton to focus public investment in infrastructure.
- Highlight policies to promote smart growth to incorporate into comprehensive planning updates.

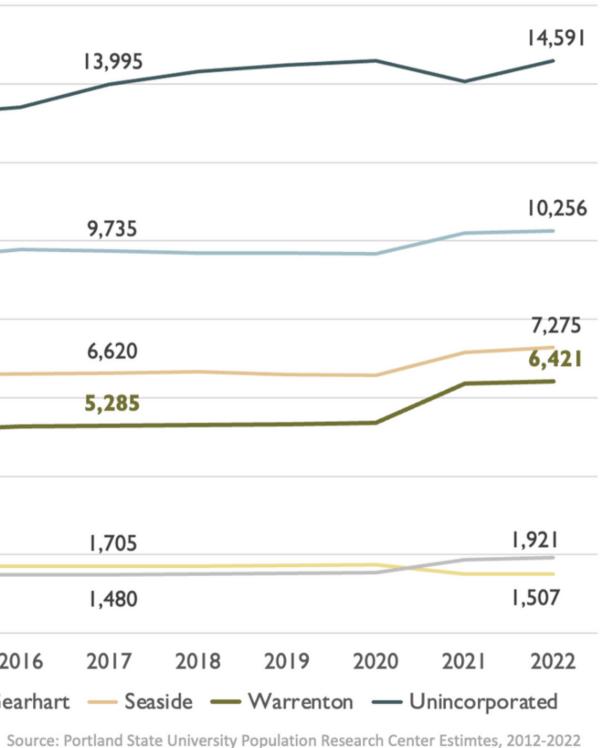




EXISTING CONDITIONS IN WARRENTON

- Third most populous town in Clatsop County & among the fastest growing
- Since 2020, Warrenton's population has increased by over 1,000 people
- Increasingly diverse, with non–White residents making up 17% of the population in 2021, up from 5.5% in 2011

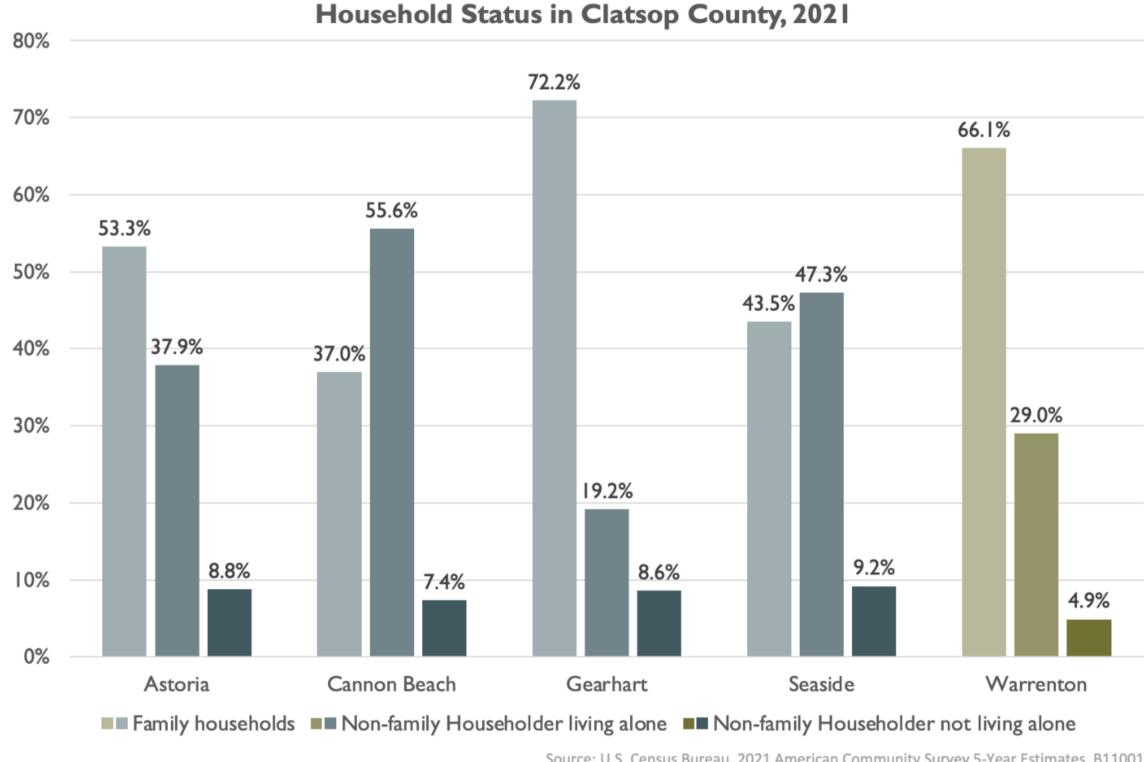
16,000		Ρορι	Ilation	Growt	hi
10,000					
14,000	12,815				
12,000					
10,000	9,555				
8,000	6,550				
6,000	5,090				
4,000					
2,000	1,705				
-	1,475				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2
	— Asto	oria —	Cannon B	each —	- Ge



in Clatsop County, 2012-2022

8

- Almost a quarter of Warrenton's population in 2021 was under the age of 18 • Highest share in Clatsop County
- Two-thirds of the town's households are families
 - 2nd highest share in the county



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2021 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, B11001

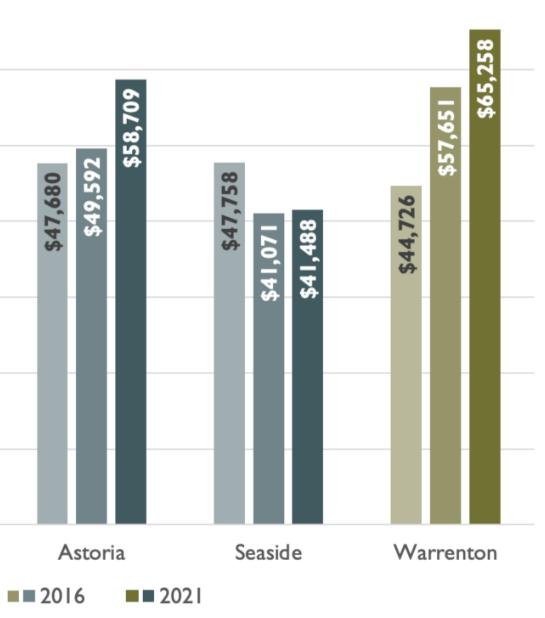
Median Household Income, 2011-2021 (adjusted for inflation)

2011

\$80,000 \$70,000 \$70,084 \$60,000 \$61,846 \$60,151 \$60,068 \$53,626 \$52,621 \$50,000 \$40,000 \$30,000 \$20,000 \$10,000 \$-Clatsop County Oregon

- Had lowest median income in the county in 2011
 - Now has the second highest, at more than \$65,000
- This growth has also represented a larger gain than communities with similar increases

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2011, 2016, 2021 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, B19013

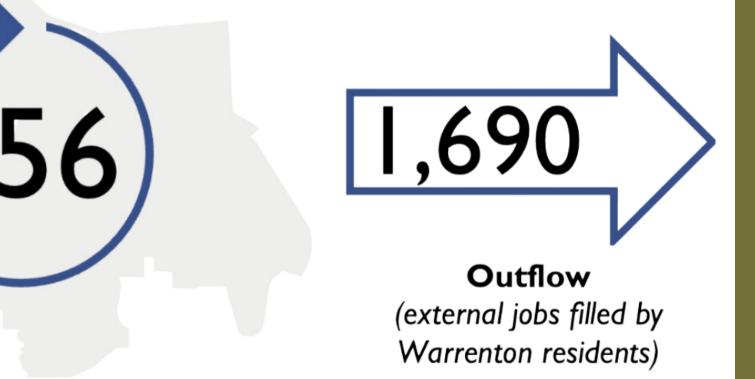


- Sharp disparity in who lives and works in the city
- Residents commute to jobs elsewhere in the County
- Most of the jobs in Warrenton are held by nonlocal workers
- Between 1,500 and 2,000 commuters travel in and out of Warrenton
 - Only about 450
 residents live and work in the city

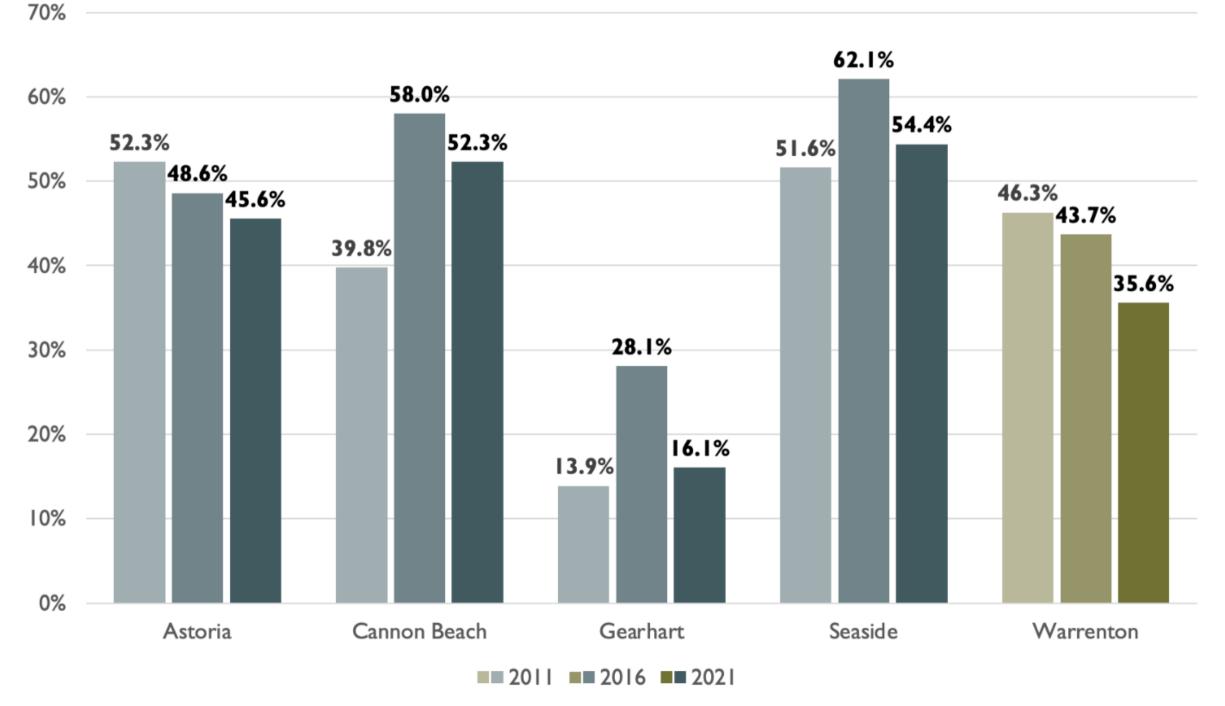
Inflow (internal jobs filled by outside workers)

1,978

Interior (internal jobs filled by Warrenton residents)



Just under two-thirds of Warrenton residents own their homes and this share has been steadily increasing as the percentage of renters in Warrenton has steadily decreased since 2011.

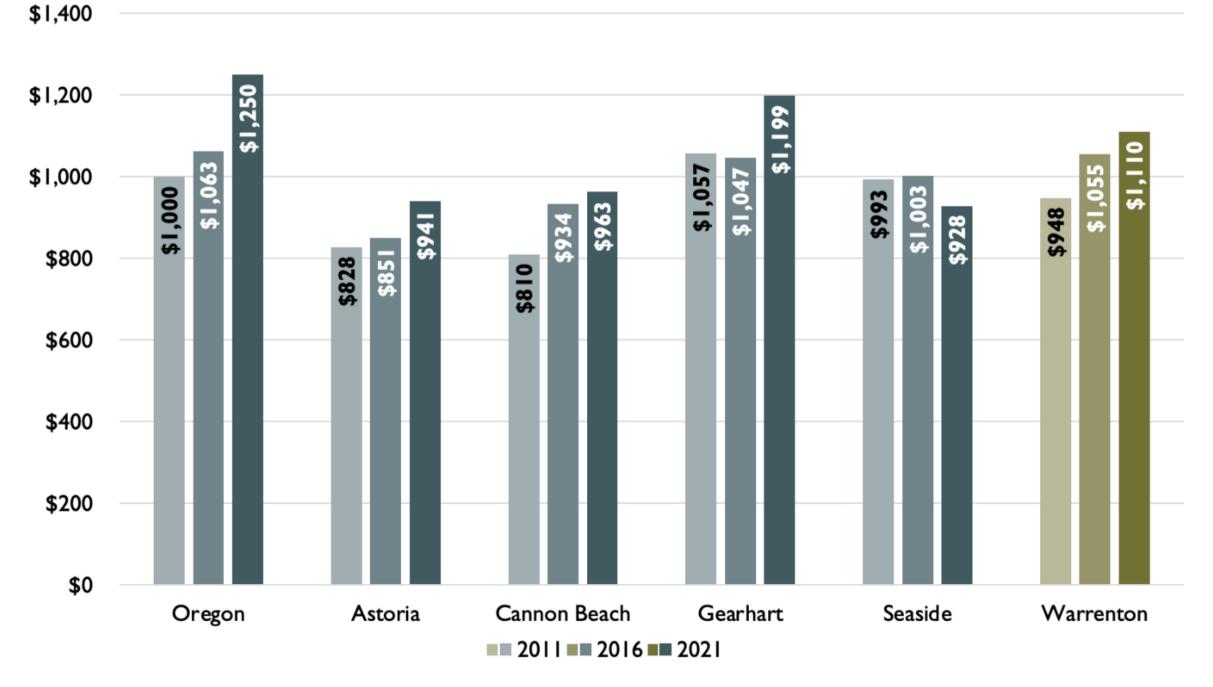




Share of Population Renting

Median Household Rent, 2011-2021 (adjusted for inflation)

- Median rent is the 2nd highest in the County at \$1,100
- Approximately 44% of renters are costburdened
- 21% are "severely costburdened"



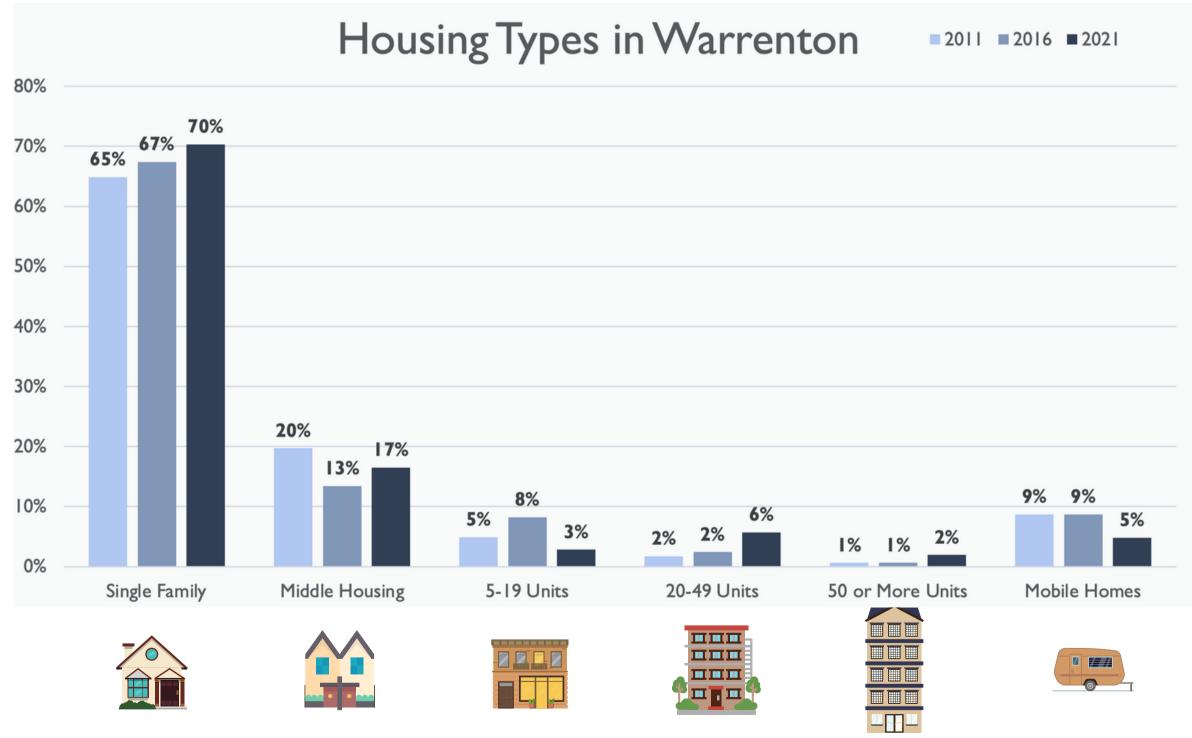


- More than 400 homes between 2010 and 2019
- Most of the City's housing stock is detached homes

Total Warrenton Housing Units:

2011: 2,125 2016: 2,183 2021: 2,506



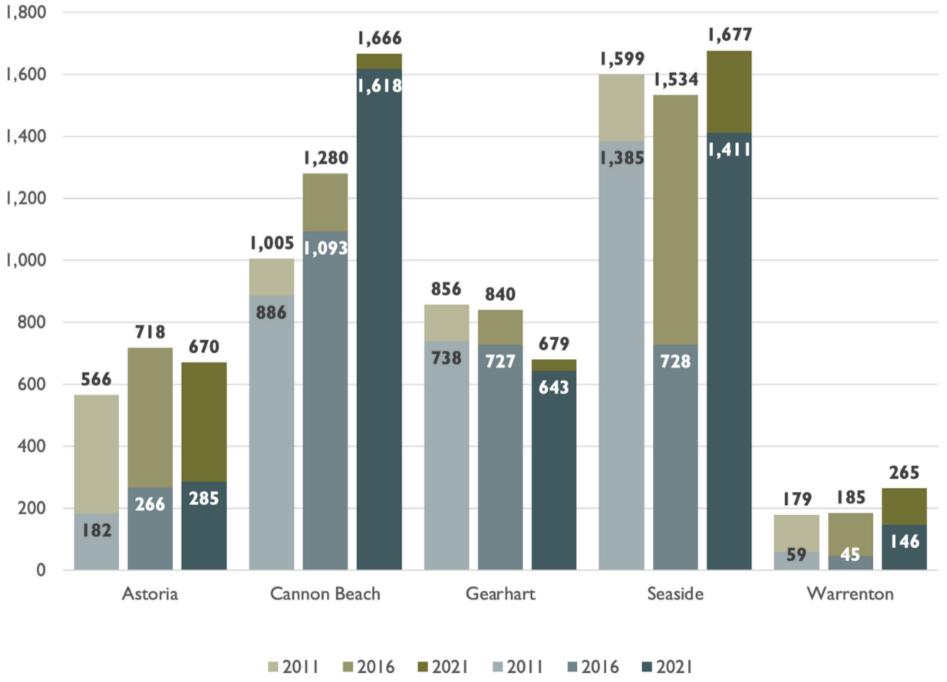




Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2021 5-Year Estimates, B25004

Vacant Units in Clatsop County, 2011-2021

- Fewer vacation homes and lower rates of vacancy compared to other cities in Clatsop County
 - Number of vacation and/or second homes is growing
- The city's overall vacancy rate is approximately 10%
 - Compared to 27% for Clatsop County

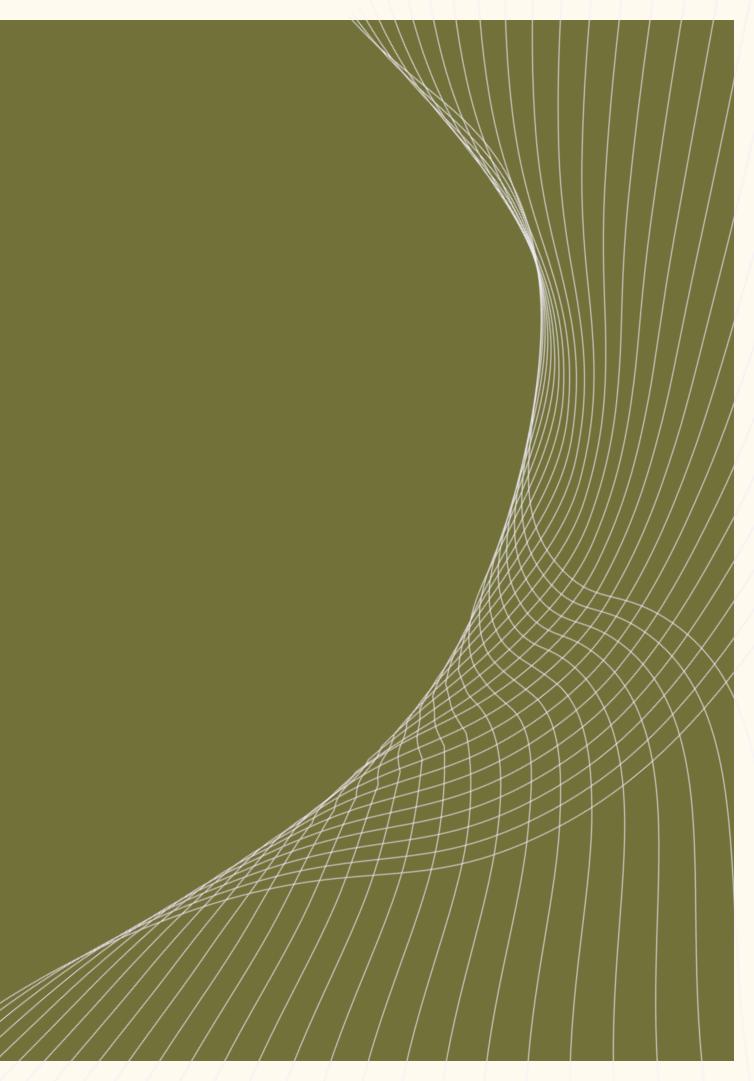


Total Vacant Units



Number of Vacant Units for Seasonal, Recreational, and Occasional Use

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT



COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

Phase I: Expert Interviews

Informed our existing conditions research, analysis process, and policy recommendations.



Phase II: Asset Mapping

Informed our amenities and livability model.



HOUSING PLANNING IN WARRENTON

PLANNING FOR HOUSING

2019 Housing Strategies Report Recommendations:

- Creating land supply
- Policy and development code amendments
- Incentives for development
- Funding tools and uses
- Regional collaboration and capacity building

The County also launched a program identifying 31 available excess county-owned parcels made available to proposals that address local housing and other public service needs



CLATSOP COUNTY HOUSING STRATEGIES REPORT

JANUARY, 2019

APG and Johnson Economics

PLANNING FOR HOUSING

The City engaged in a more robust Housing Needs Analysis and Buildable Lands Inventory in 2019

Current housing planning efforts have resulted in development across Warrenton, including:

- A mixed-use master plan to increase density
- Over 50 units of affordable housing and social services
- New single-family residential development located near the new school
- Expanded infrastructure in southeast Warrenton.



LAND USE PLANNING TRANSPORTATION PLANNING PROJECT MANAGEMENT

MEMORANDUM

Housing Strategies Overview City of Warrenton Housing Needs Analysis

DATE	April 11, 2019
то	City of Warrenton Planning Commission
FROM	Matt Hastie, and Jamin Kimmell, Angelo Planning Group
CC	Brendan Buckley and Jerry Johnson, Johnson Economics

The purpose of this memo is to introduce potential strategies for addressing the housing needs of the City of Warrenton. This is a preliminary list of strategies and should be considered as a starting point for further discussion by the Planning Commission about which tools are most relevant and important to the City.

An outline of potential strategies is provided below, organized into four topics, followed by descriptions of each of the strategies. The descriptions summarize a few details about implementation considerations, and the relative complexity of implementation (Low, Medium, or High). The Planning Commission will provide input on the potential effectiveness of each strategy and local capacity for implementation. Based on this feedback, the project team will help to identify a set of effective and achievable strategies that can be organized into an implementation plan.

Land Supply Strategies

- Strategy 1: Support Site-Specific Studies of Infrastructure and Environmental Constraints
- Strategy 2: Ensure Land Zoned for Higher Density Uses is not Developed at Lower Densities
- Strategy 3: Consider Opportunities to Rezone Commercial Land
- o Strategy 4: Research UGB Expansion or Land Swap Opportunities

Policy and Code Strategies

- o Strategy 1: Adopt Supportive and Inclusive Comprehensive Plan Policies
- o Strategy 2: Incentivize Affordable and Workforce Housing
- o Strategy 3: Facilitate "Missing Middle" Housing Types in All Residential Zones
- Strategy 4: Support High Density Housing in Commercial Zones
- Strategy 5: Streamline and Right-Size Minimum Off-Street Parking Requirements
- Strategy 6: Promote Accessory Dwelling Units

APG Morrow County Housing Study

February 5, 2019

BLI & HNA 101

Buildable Lands Inventory Process

- Identify Environmental Constraints
- Classify Parcels by Development Status
 - Assign constrained, vacant, partially vacant, or developed status.
- Estimate Net Buildable Lands and Housing Unit Capacity
 - housing unit capacity

• Includes flood hazard areas, wetlands, beach and dune areas, and steep slopes.

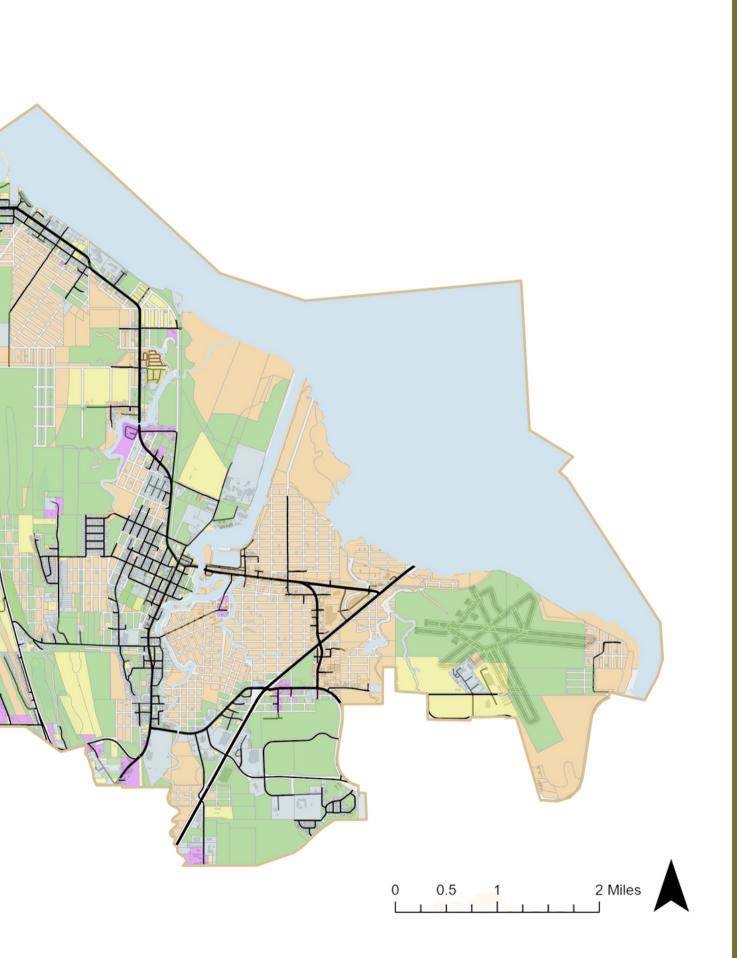
• Determine unconstrained acres, net buildable acres, projected densities, and

WARRENTON'S ADOPTED 2019 ANALYSIS

This analysis indicated that within Warrenton, 26% of residential parcels are constrained, 19% are developed, and 54% are vacant or partially vacant.

Development Status

- Constrained
- Vacant
- Partially Vacant
- Difficult-to-Serve
- Developed



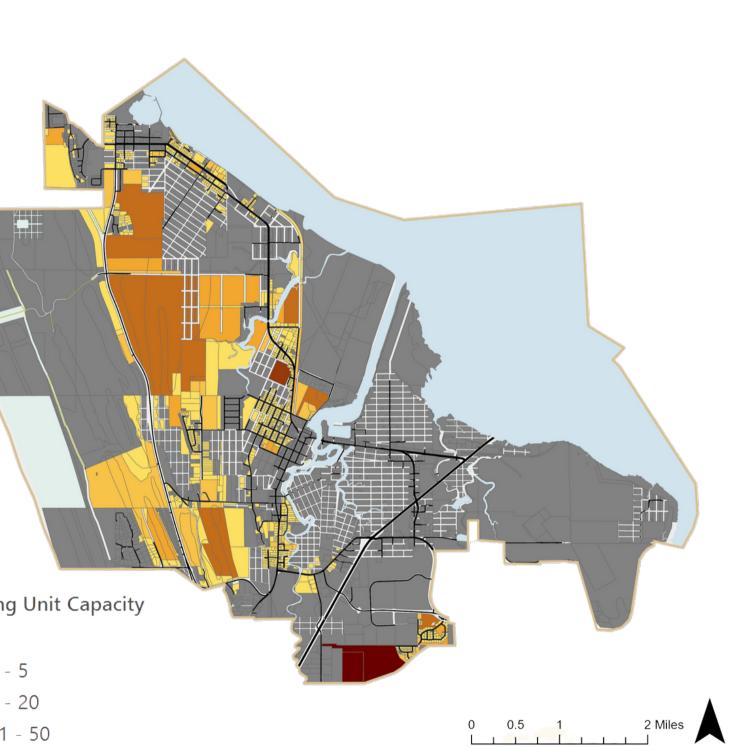
WARRENTON'S ADOPTED **2019 ANALYSIS**

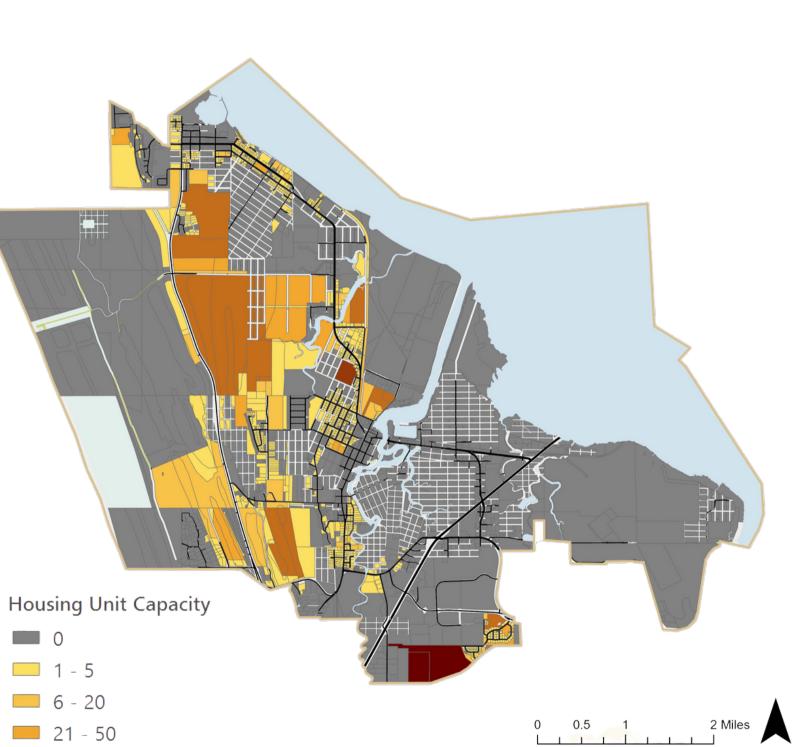
Housing capacity in Warrenton is:

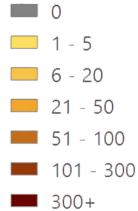
- 429 buildable acres
- Capacity for 2,624 units, including detached homes, townhomes, and apartments

This projected capacity is far above the state's official population of 1,117 new households in Warrenton by 2038.

Zone	Unconstrained Acres		Housing Unit Capacity	
R40 - Low Density	107	(25%)	296	(11%)
RI0 - Intermediate Density	91	(22%)	221	(9%)
RGM - Growth Management Zone	50	(12%)	121	(5%)
RM - Medium Density	61	(14%)	401	(15%)
RH - High Density	121	(28%)	1,575	(60%)
Total	429	100%	2624	100%







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ANALYSIS LENSES AND FRAMEWORK



ANALYSIS FRAMEWORK

Environmental **Constraints**

Flood Zones Locally Significant Wetlands Steep Slopes (> 25%) Active Dunes

Amenities & Livability

Essential Services Recreation **Commercial & Retail** Transit

Infrastructure Connections

Water Mains Sanitary Sewer Lines Stormwater System Roads

Tsunami Risk Walkable Evacuation Routes Assembly Areas

Housing Capacity

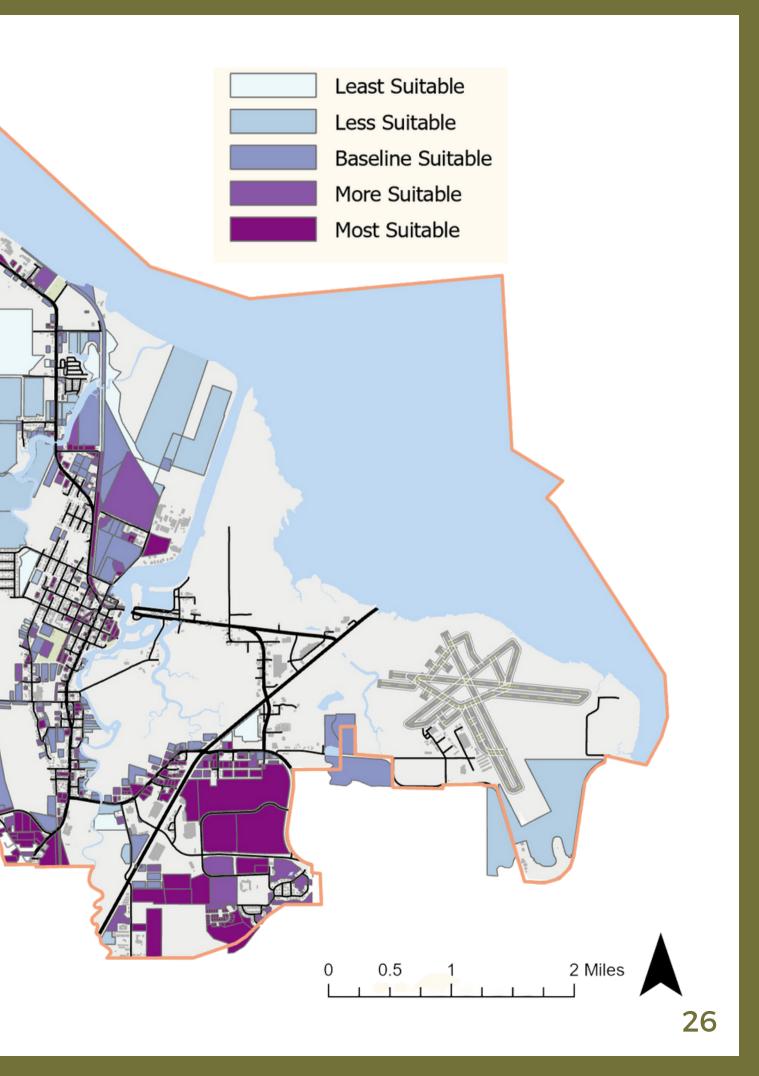
Zoning **Total Unit Yield Unconstrained Units** Large Vacant Parcels

Safety & Resilience

ENVIRONMENTAL Constraints

- Locally Significant Wetlands
- FEMA 100-Year Flood Hazard Areas
- Steep Slopes (25% and greater)
- Active Dune and Beach Areas

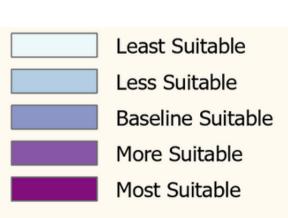
- Within constraint overlay
- % of parcel constrained

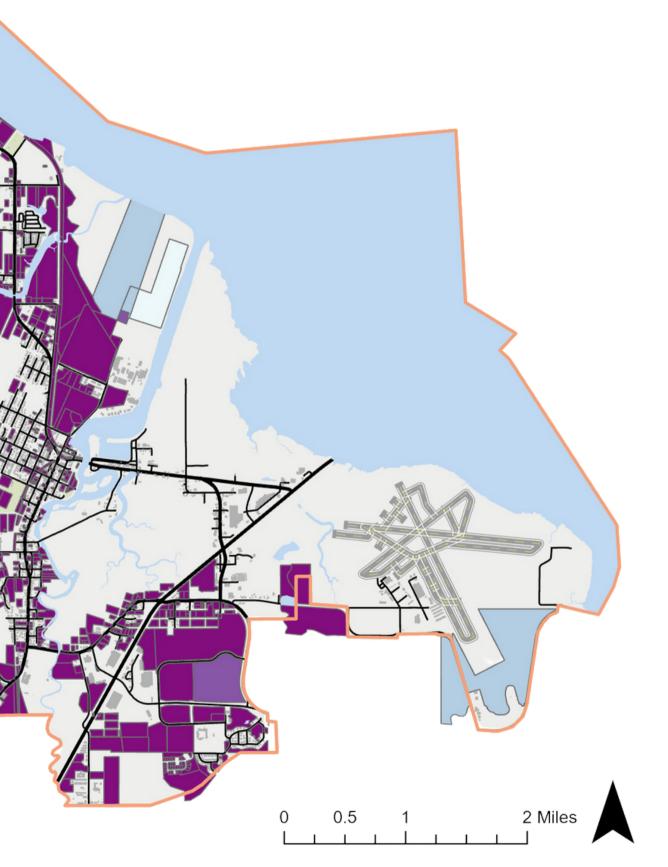


INFRASTRUCTURE

- Roads
- Sewer System
- Water System
- Stormwater System

- Parcel within 1000 ft. buffer
- % of parcel within 1000 ft. buffer

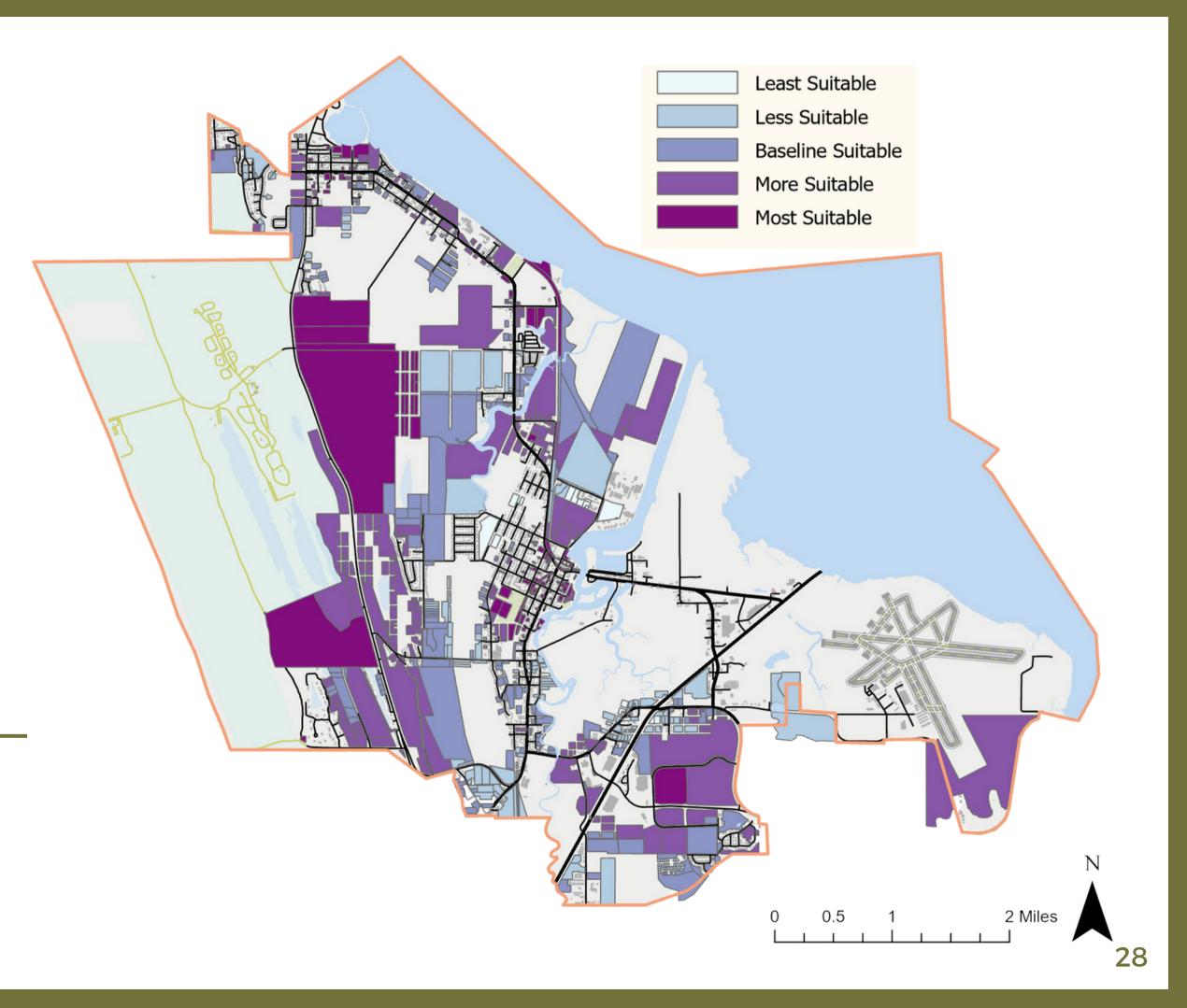




AMENITIES & LIVABILITY

- Trails
- Parks
- Community Spaces
- Grocery Stores / Markets
- Schools (Existing & Future)
- Bus Stops
- Bars & Restaurants
- Employment Centers
- Healthcare & Pharmacies

- Proximity to parcel
- .125, .25, and .5 mile buffers

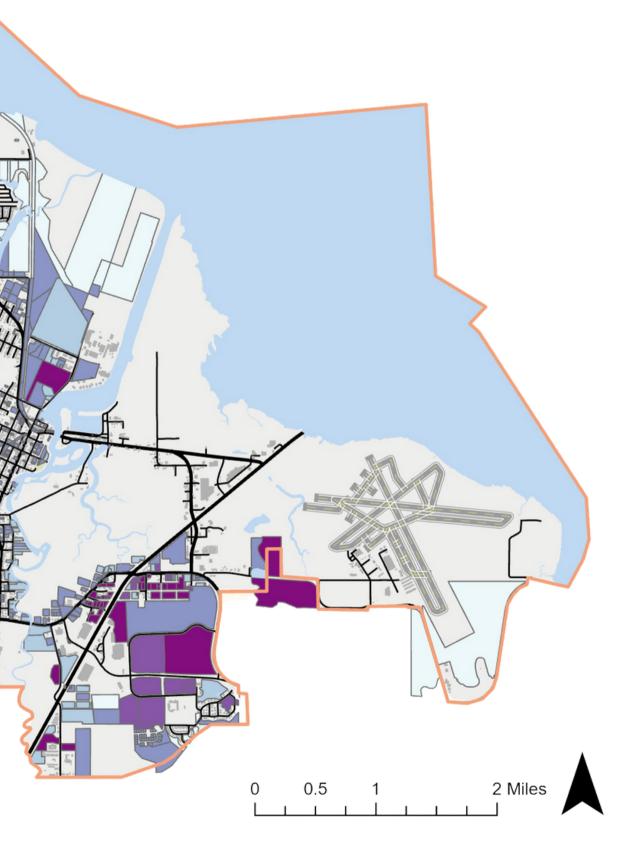


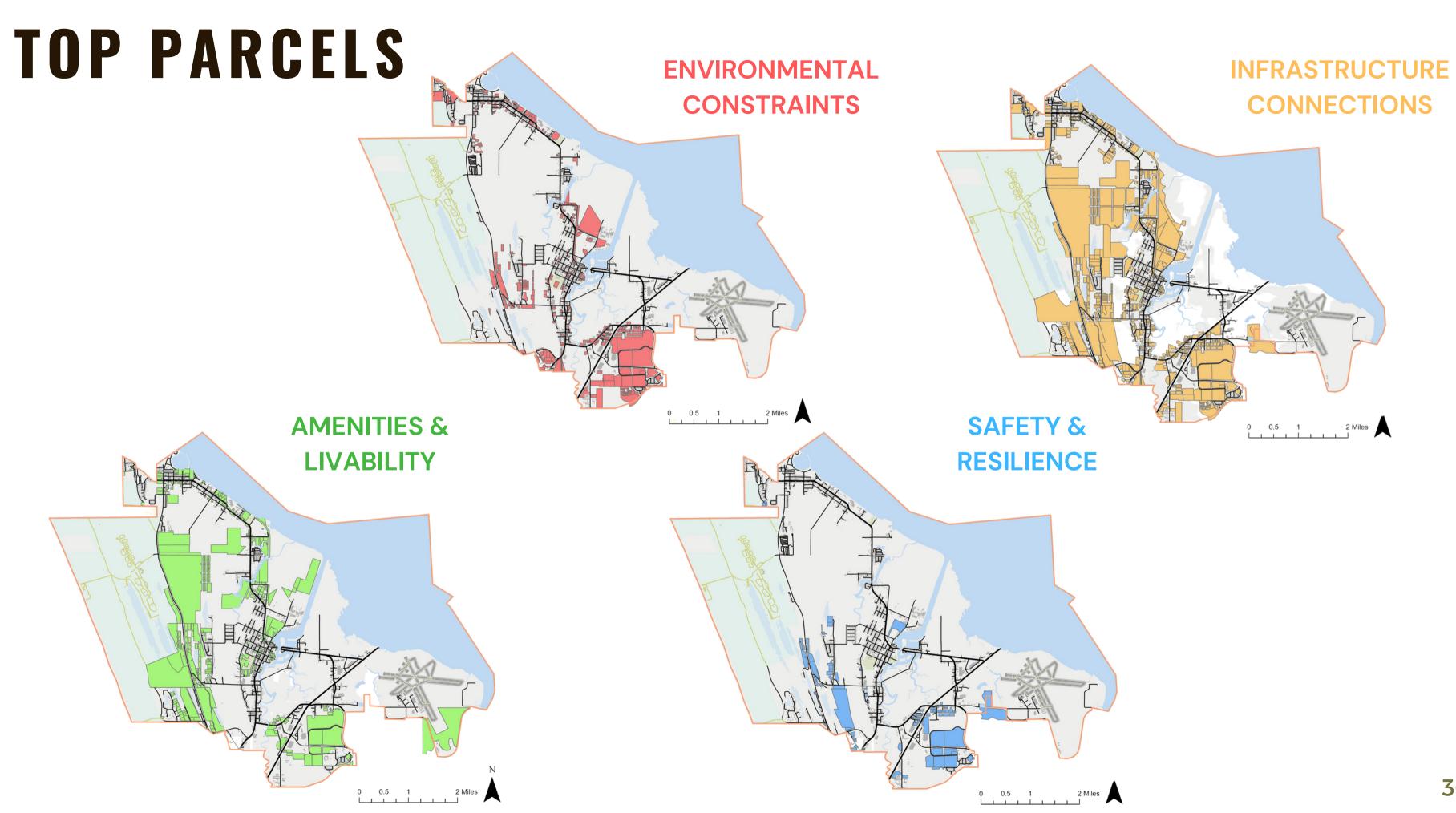
EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT & COMMUNITY RESILIENCE

- Tsunami safe zone
- Retrofitted bridge evacuation routes
- All evacuation routes
- Assembly Areas
- % moderate/high landslide susceptibility risk

- Proximity to parcel
- % landslide risk in parcel

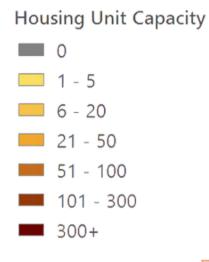
Least Suitable Less Suitable Baseline Suitable More Suitable Most Suitable

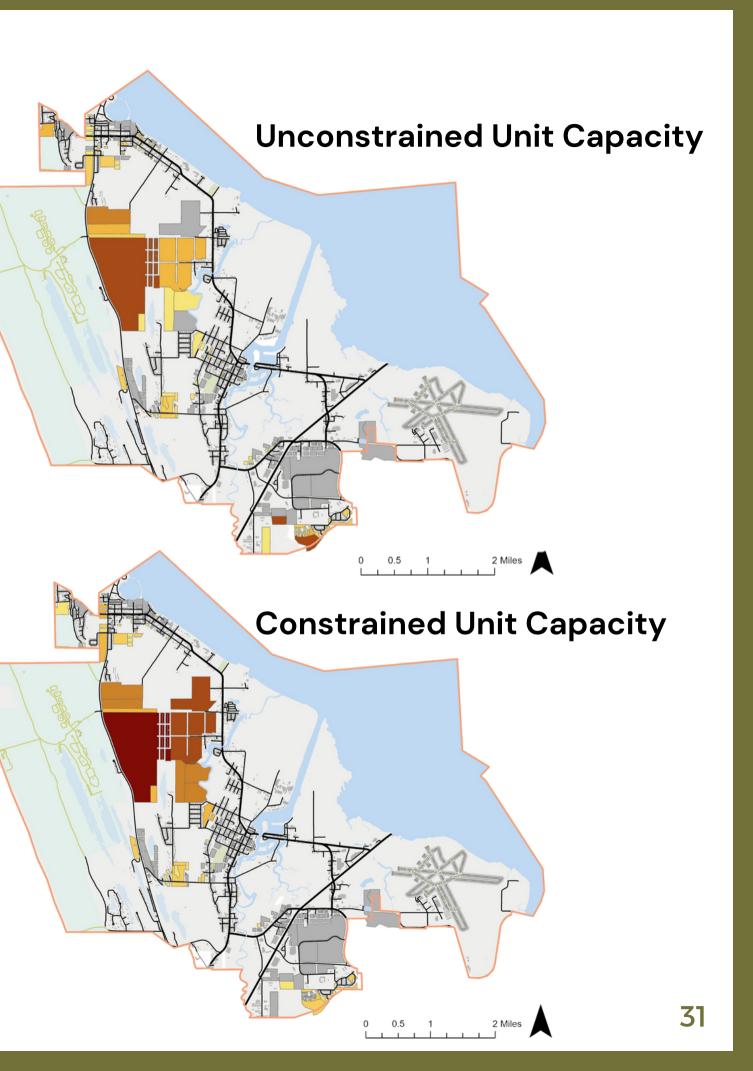




HOUSING CAPACITY & EQUITY

- Total Housing Unit Capacity
- Unconstrained Housing Unit Capacity
- Constrained Housing Unit Capacity
- Average Vacant Parcel Size
- Number of Vacant Parcels 2+ Acres
- Number of Vacant Parcels with O Housing Unit Capacity
- % of Vacant Parcels with O Housing Unit Capacity

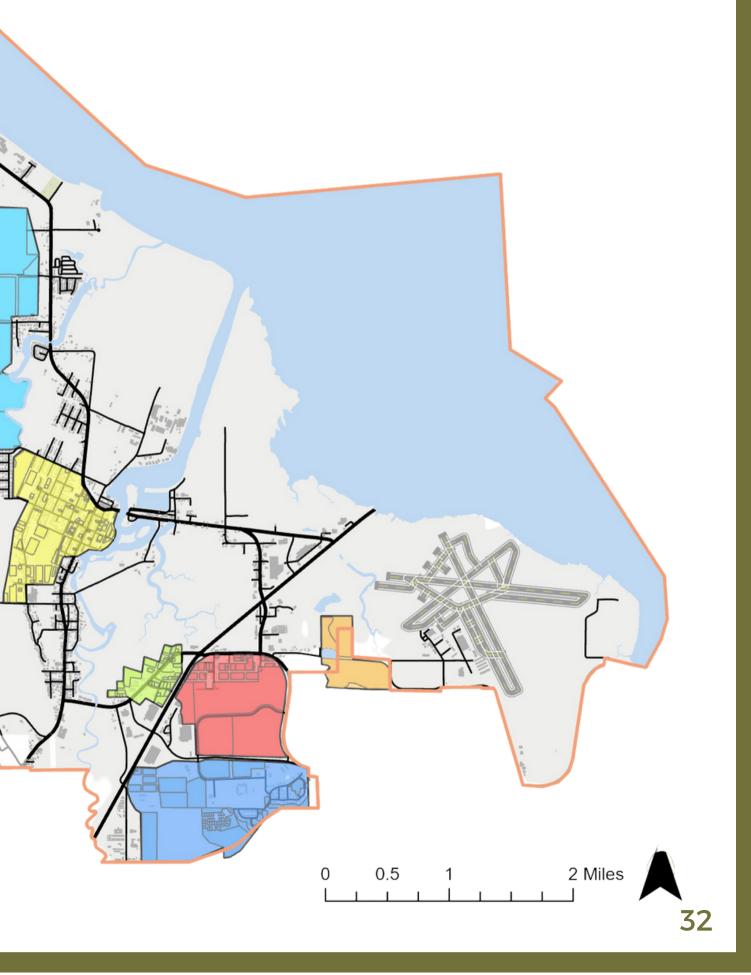




CLUSTERS

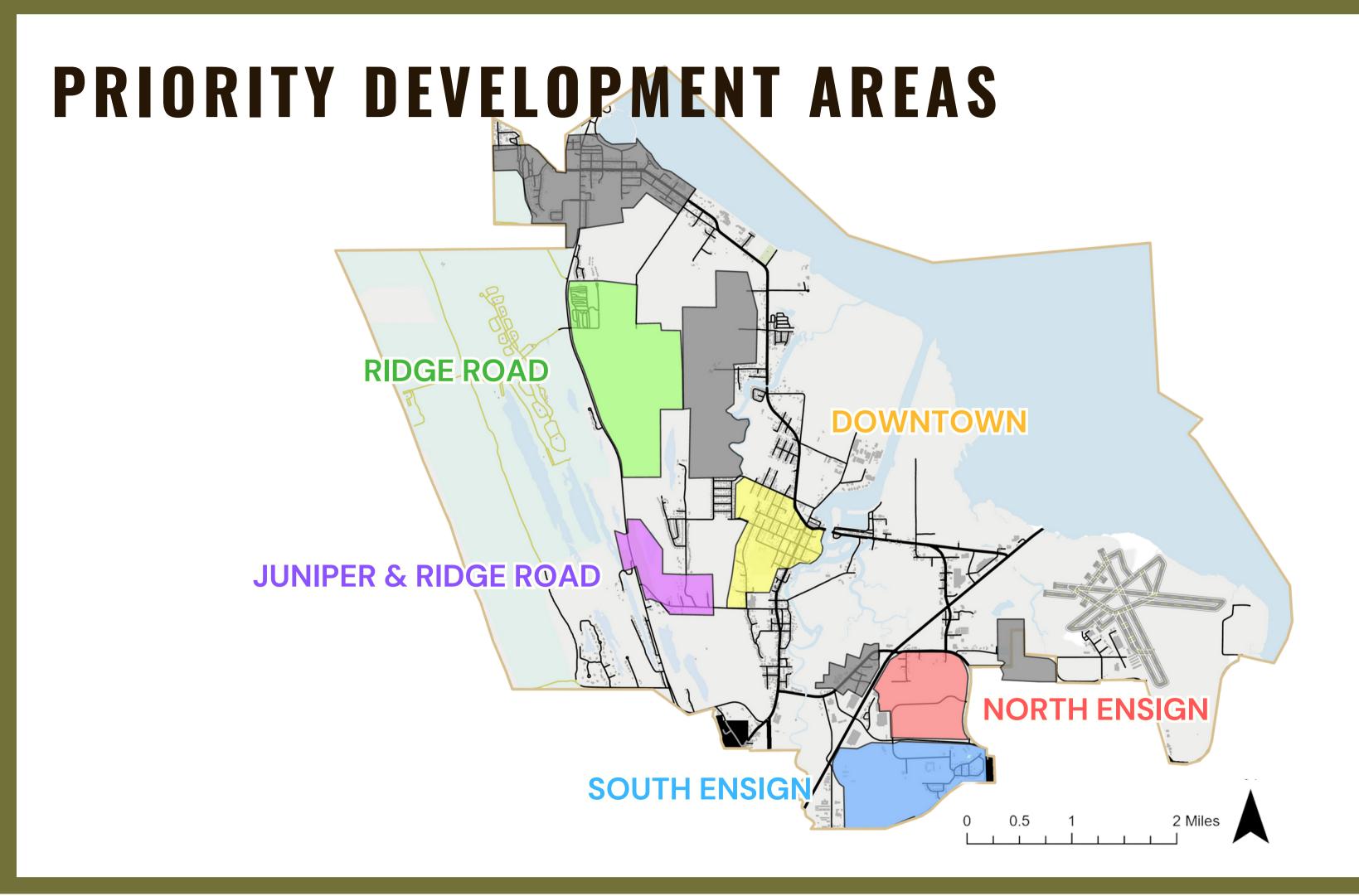
- Five recommended future priority areas:
 - Ridge Road
 - Downtown
 - Juniper & Ridge Road
 - North of Ensign
 - South of Ensign
- Additional challenges:
 - Zoning
 - \circ UGB
 - \circ Constraints





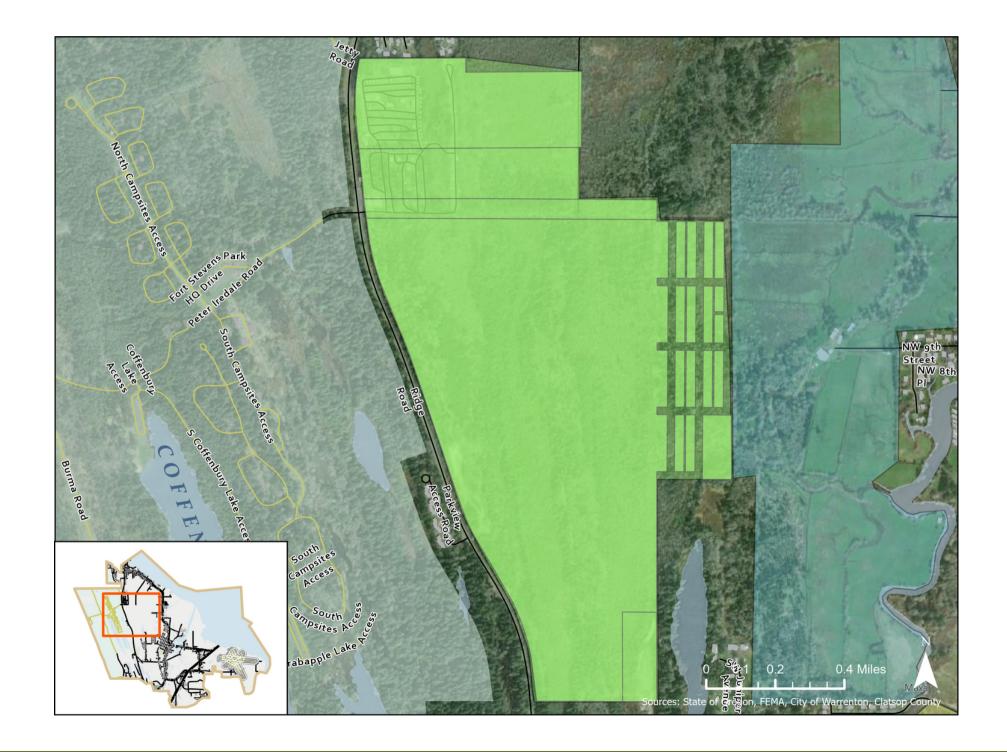
GEOGRAPHC RECOMMENDATIONS/



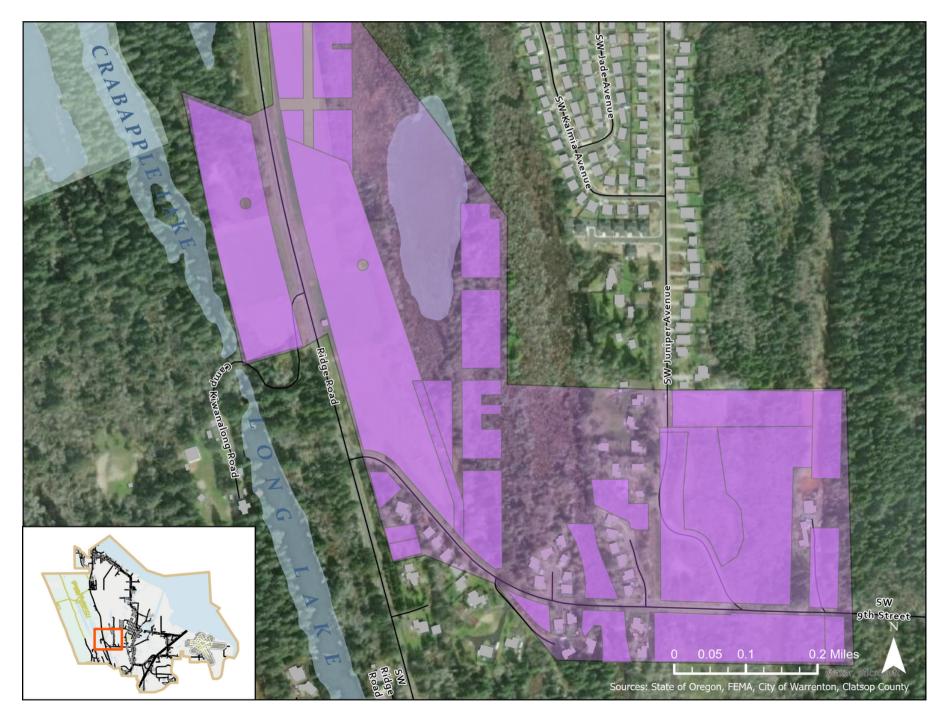


PRIORITY DEVELOPMENT AREAS

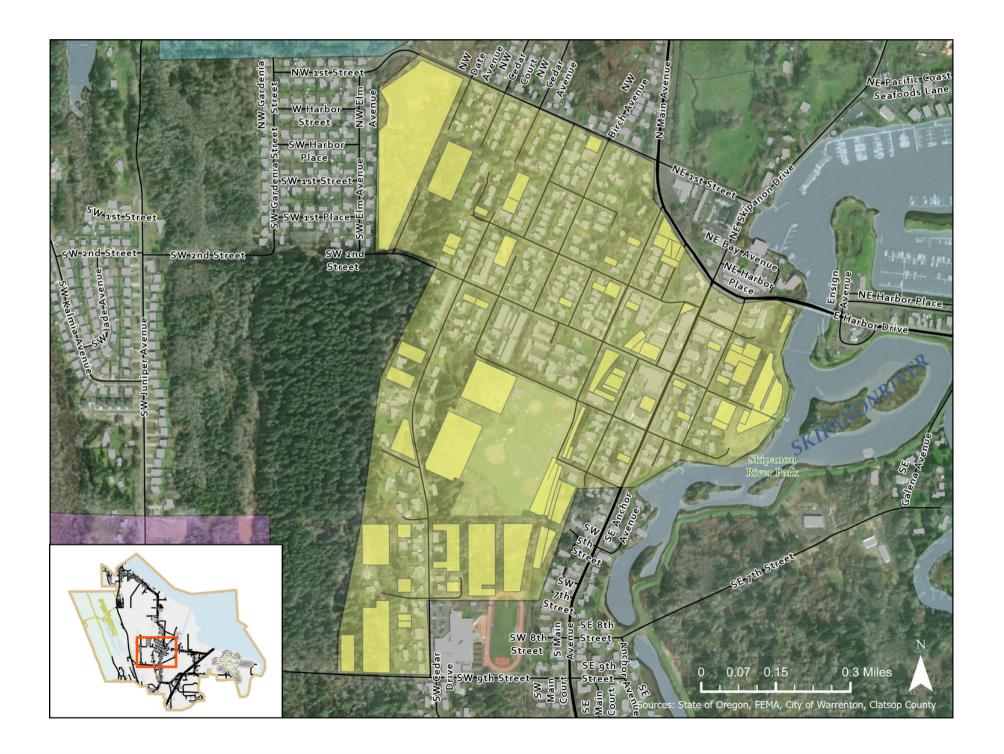
Ridge Road – Large, primarily residential vacant parcels along Ridge Road's infrastructure, although significantly constrained to the east.



Juniper & Ridge Road - Connects future development with downtown, contains existing infrastructure, evacuation routes, and limited environmental constraints, but few amenities.

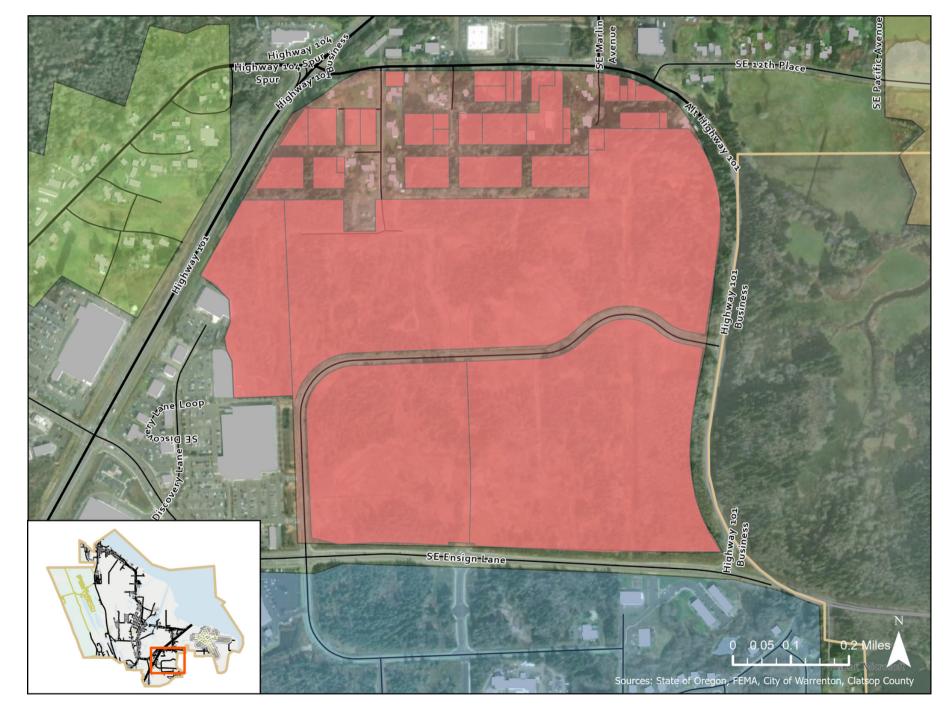


Downtown - Opportunity for incremental and infill development, connected to amenities and infrastructure, although within some floodplain and wetlands.

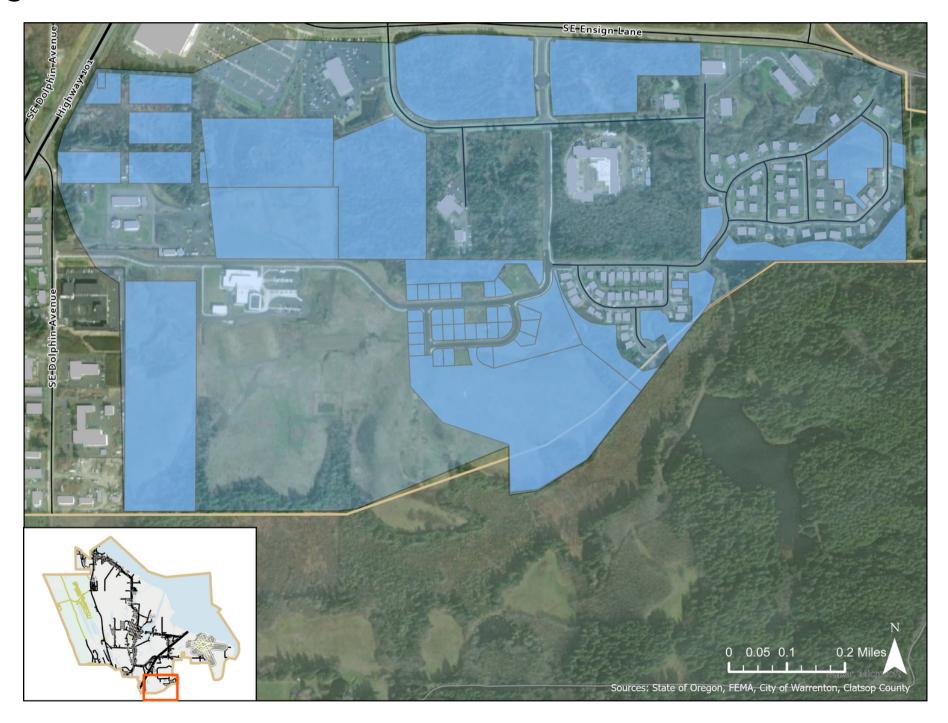


North Ensign - Approximately 400 acres of largely vacant land with minimal environmental constraints and well protected from emergencies, however zoned commercial and industrial, resulting in limited current housing unit

capacity.



South Ensign - near the new school site, this cluster contains high density zoning, is connected to major employment and retail hubs, and is protected from emergencies.





ENCOURAGE MIXED-USES AND EFFICIENT ZONES

STREAMLINE UNCONSTRAINED DEVELOPMENT

STRENGTHEN THE TRANSPORTATION NETWORK TO PRIORITIZE SAFETY

CONSIDER DEVELOPMENT INCENTIVES CREATE CODE CONSISTENCY IN REGULATING CONSTRAINTS

PURSUE FUNDING OPPORTUNITIES TO SUPPPORT PLANNING EFFORTS

ENCOURAGE MIXED-USES AND EFFICIENT ZONES

Code updates should evaluate how development standards encourage desired neighborhood densities and allow more flexibility of uses.

- Allow neighborhood commercial uses in residential areas
 - Create a Neighborhood Commercial Zone or Overlay
 - Allow some commercial uses as Conditional Use in R–M and R–H zones
- Remove geographic restrictions for high density residential in C–1 zones
- Evaluate split-zoned parcels

Table 17.34-1

C-1 Neighborhood Commercial Zone – Permitted and Conditional Uses

Uses	Permitted Use ¹	Conditional Use ²
Barbershops	x	
Beauty salons	X	
Drugstores	X	
Grocery stores	X	
Laundromats	X	
Variety stores	X	
Service stations		X
Liquor stores		X
Restaurants		X

STREAMLINE UNCONSTRAINED DEVELOPMENT

The City should consider streamlining permitting and review requirements for sites that are development-ready.

- Coordinate regionally for site-specific analysis
- Review system-wide infrastructure capacity
- Create a "development-ready certification" with expedited zoning review
- Promote excess city and county-owned parcels



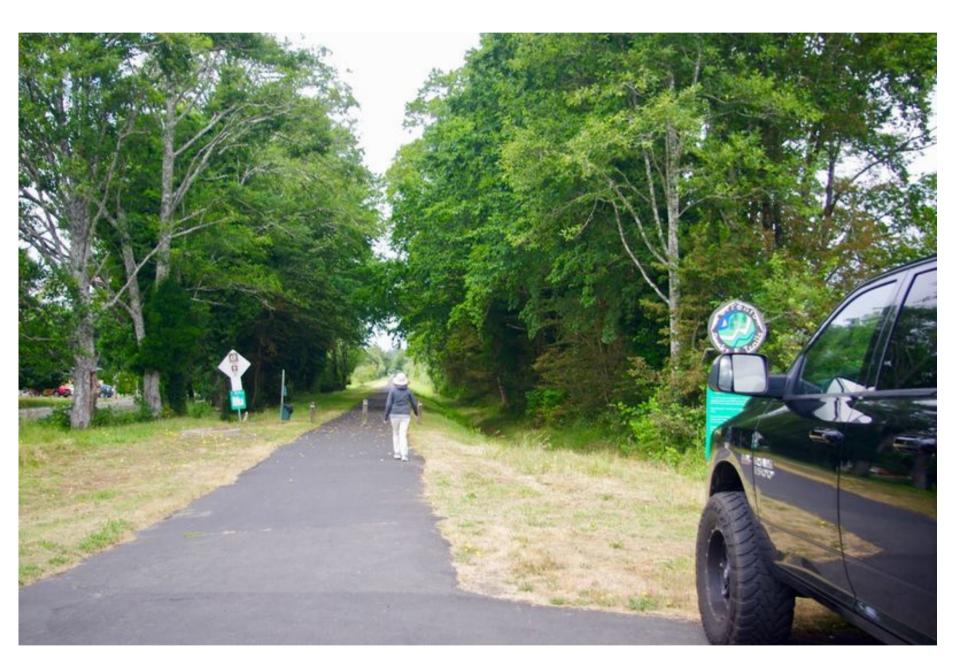
Clatsop County Excess Parcels

City of Warrenton & Urban Renewal Agency Unconstrained Vacant & Partially Vacant Parcels

CREATE CODE CONSISTENCY IN REGULATING CONSTRAINTS

The City should evaluate how it uses the development code and standards to influence site selection, as well as look more closely at development requirements in constrained sites.

- Create a cohesive constraint overlay
- Incorporate trails and open space requirements in master planning

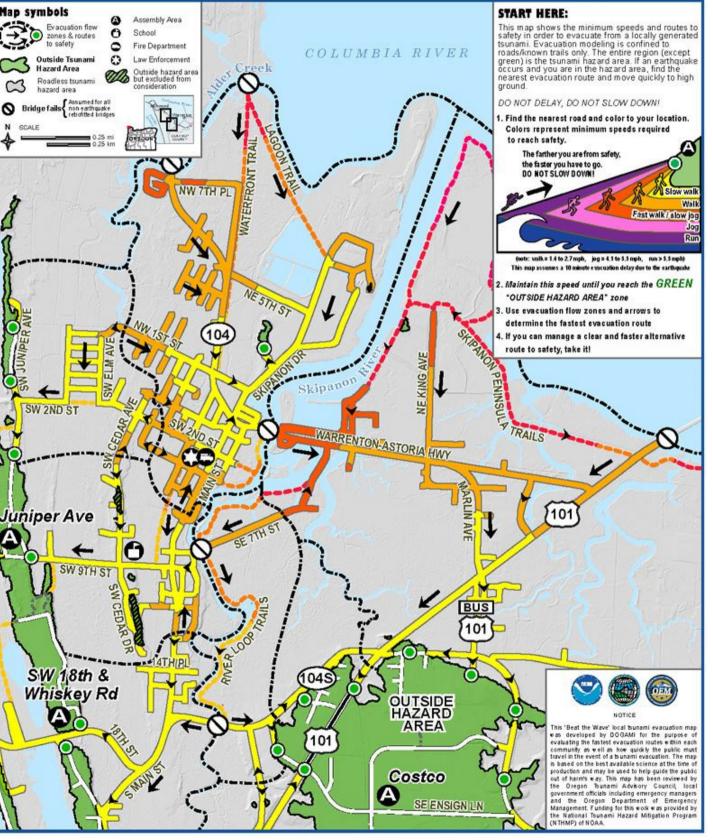


STRENGTHEN THE TRANSPORTATION NETWORK TO PRIORITIZE SAFETY

When planning for emergency service provisions and safety considerations in relation to housing developments, the City should consider the strength of the transportation network:

- Increase safe crossings across state highways
- Complete seismic retrofits on bridges
- Plan evacuation routes for new development

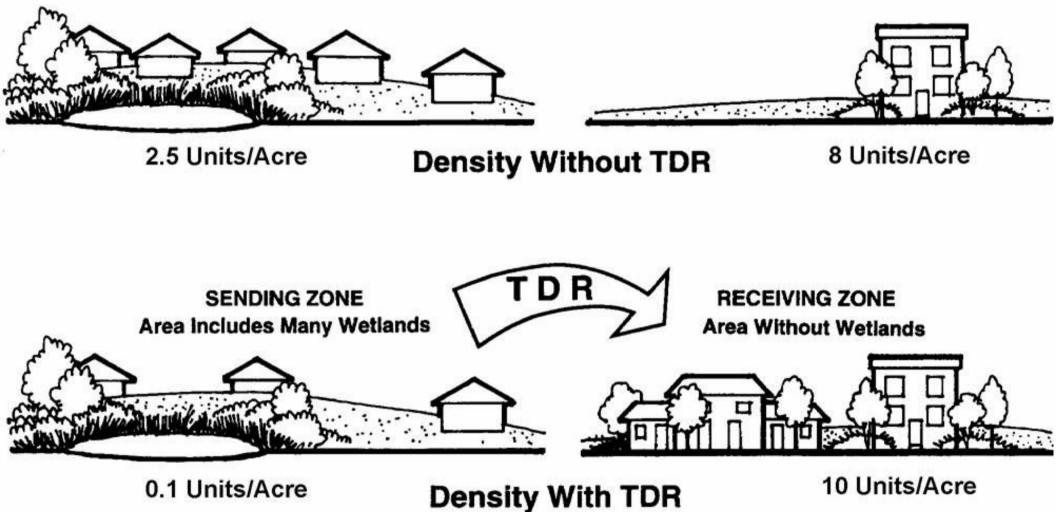
BEAT THE WAVE LOCAL TSUNAMI EVACUATION MAP WARRENTON, OREGON

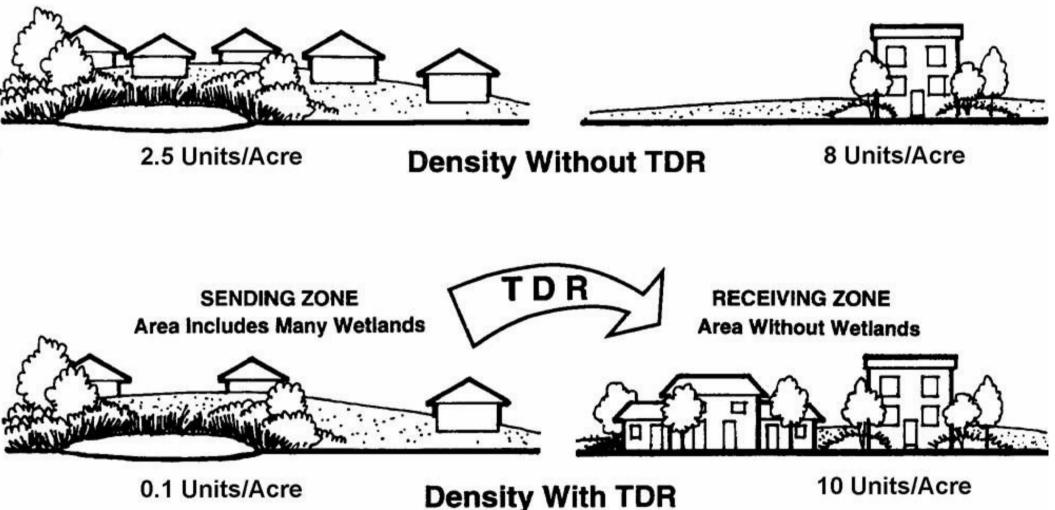


CONSIDER DEVELOPMENT INCENTIVES

The City should evaluate its capacity to adopt the following policy options to both encourage development in priority areas and encourage conservation in highenvironmental-risk areas:

- Offer tax abatements or fee waivers for specific geographies
- Establish a transferable development rights (TDR) program





PURSUE FUNDING OPPORTUNITIES TO SUPPPORT PLANNING EFFORTS

The State of Oregon offers the following planning grant programs that Warrenton could be competitive for:

- DLCD Technical Assistance program
 - County-wide HNA for Grant County 2021-2023
- SB 1017 rural infrastructure investment matching
 - new or improvements on non-transportation infrastructure

82nd OREGON LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY--2023 Regular Session

Senate Bill 1017

Sponsored by Senator HAYDEN

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced.**

Directs Oregon Business Development Department to develop and administer matching grant program to assist rural cities in financing infrastructure projects for other than transportationrelated infrastructure, including facilities for water service, sewer service, water and sewer treatment or waste management and other infrastructure necessary for maintenance of community health, hygiene, sanitation and livability.

NEXT STEPS



NEXT STEPS

CODE AUDIT

01

Suggest focus areas for review to support greater housing development and maximizing priority geographies **REVISED BLI**

02

Suggest lenses to consider parcelbased analysis that will provide more accurate and nuanced inventory



MAXIMIZE UGB

Offer strategies to take full advantage of existing lands within the UGB to prepare for a potential UGB change in the medium term

THANK YOU We welcome questions.

